

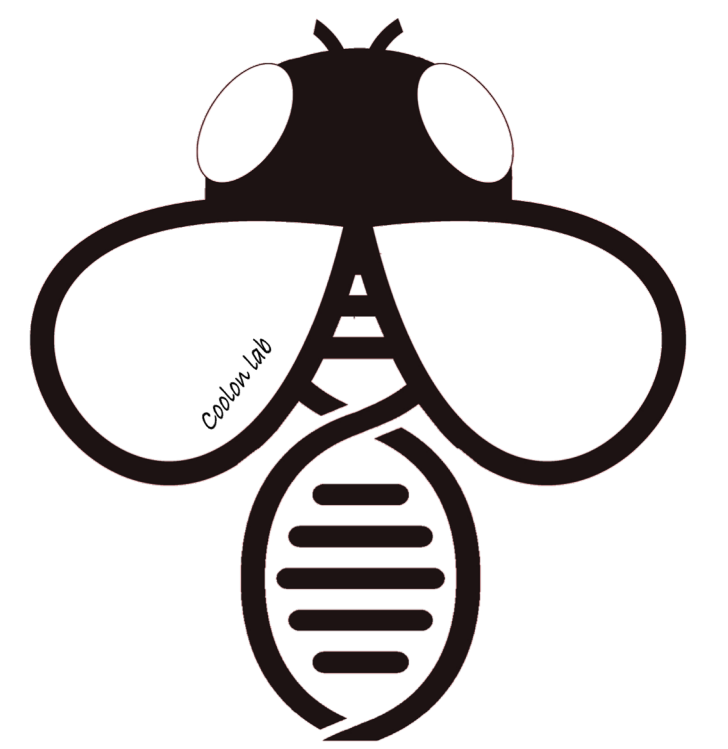
Genome-wide Effects of the GeneSwitch GAL4 System

on *Drosophila melanogaster* Gene Expression

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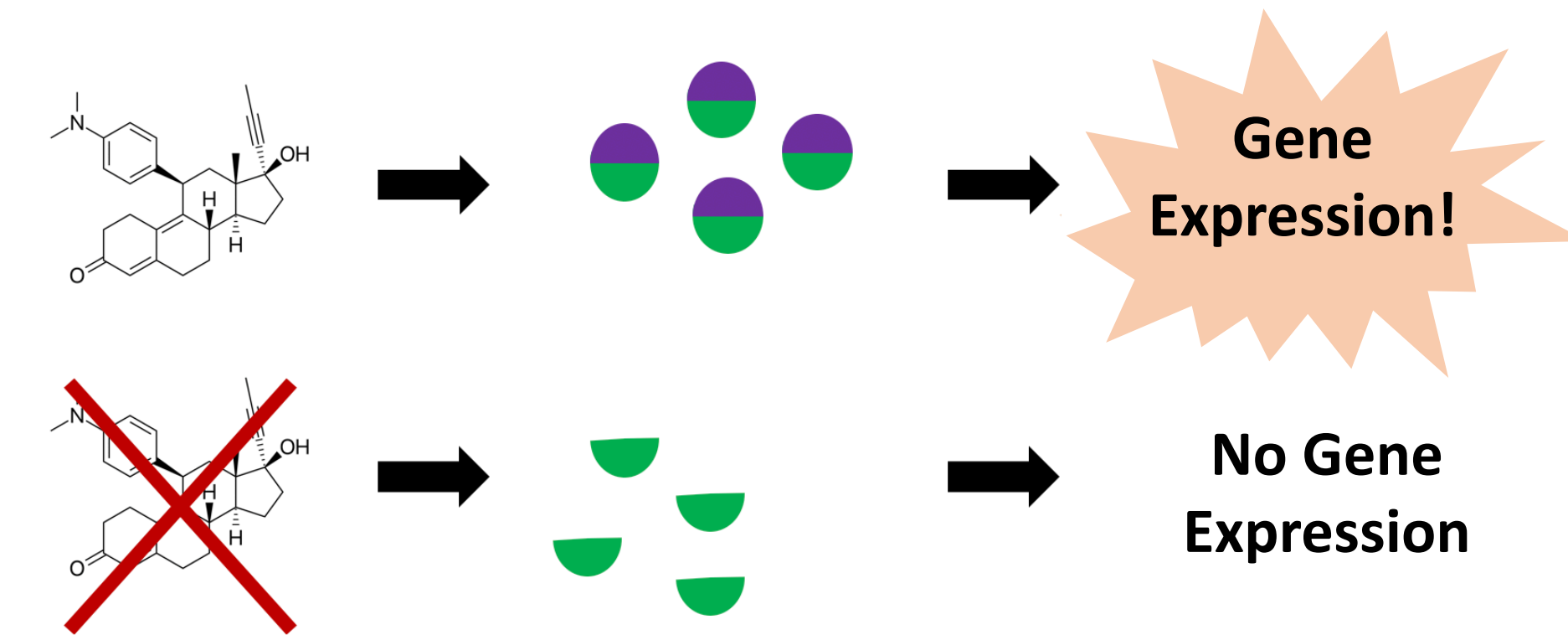
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Gene Expression Manipulation in *Drosophila*

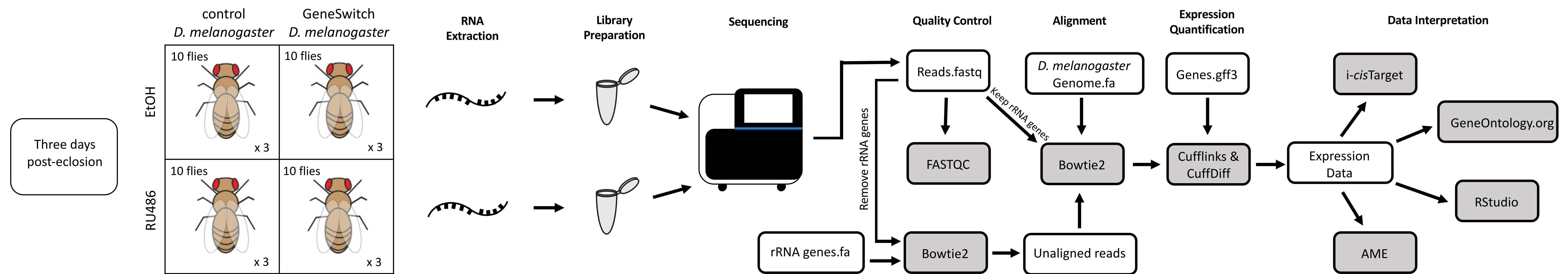
Tools capable of manipulating gene expression in model organisms are of paramount importance in modern genetics for determining gene function. One such tool is the UAS-GAL4 system, where a fly line containing the yeast activator GAL4 is crossed with one containing a target gene just downstream of an Upstream Activation Sequence (UAS), resulting in the expression of the target gene¹. Further refinement of this technique produced the GeneSwitch GAL4 system, described in the neighboring panel². These techniques have numerous applications, including RNA interference (RNAi)³ and overexpression experiments⁴. While the GeneSwitch GAL4 system is widely used, its consequences on genome-wide gene expression remain unknown. Here, we compare RNA-Sequencing data from control (w1118) and GeneSwitch line *Drosophila melanogaster* exposed to control or RU486-treated food to identify differential gene expression resulting from the GeneSwitch GAL4 system.

GeneSwitch GAL4 System

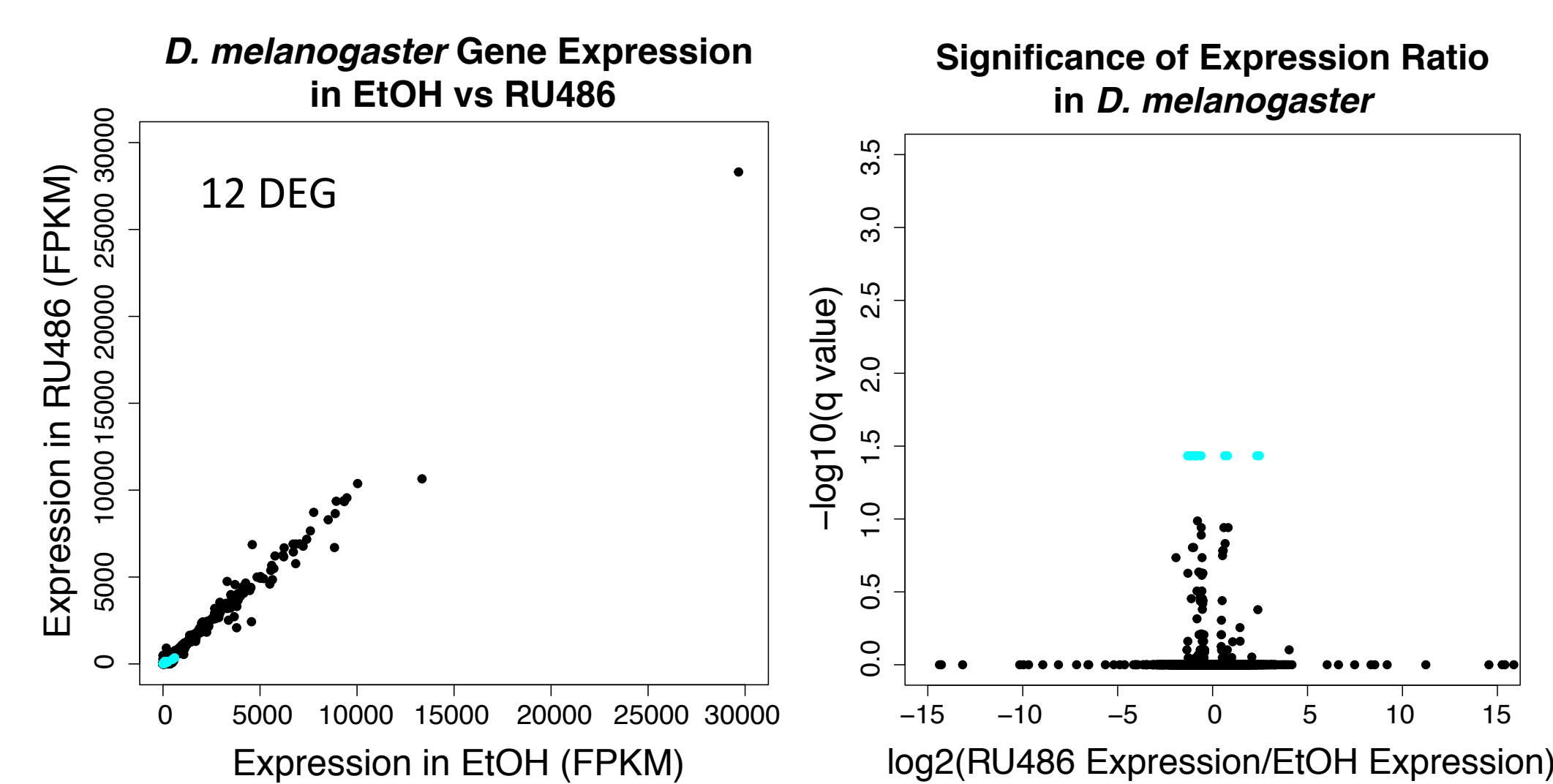


- GeneSwitch GAL4 is a modified GAL4 protein fused to progesterone receptor activated by RU486
- Dosage dependent: more RU486 → more expression of target gene
- Allows for more spatial and temporal control of target gene than UAS-GAL4 system

Experimental Design

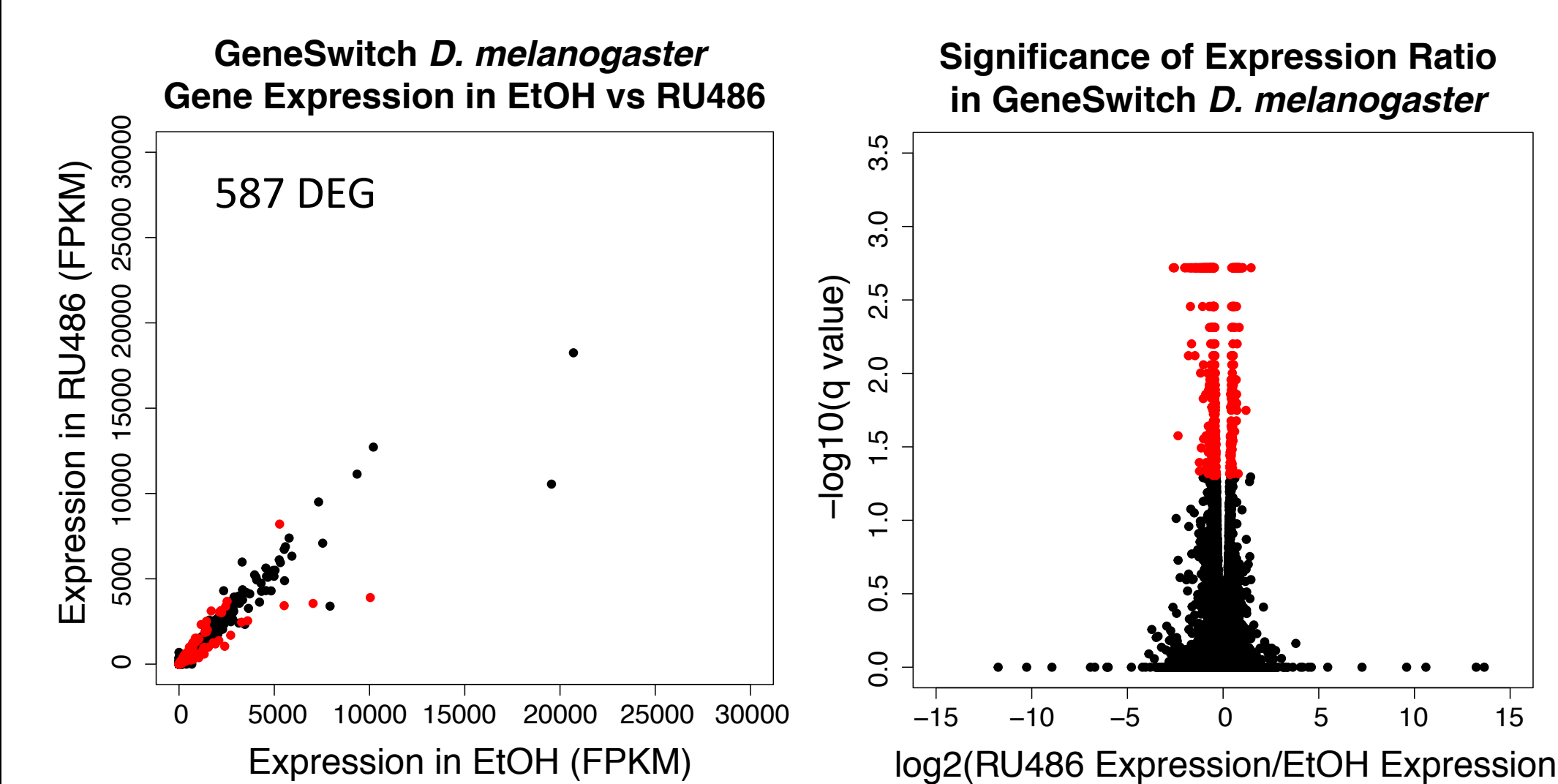


Control with vs. without RU486



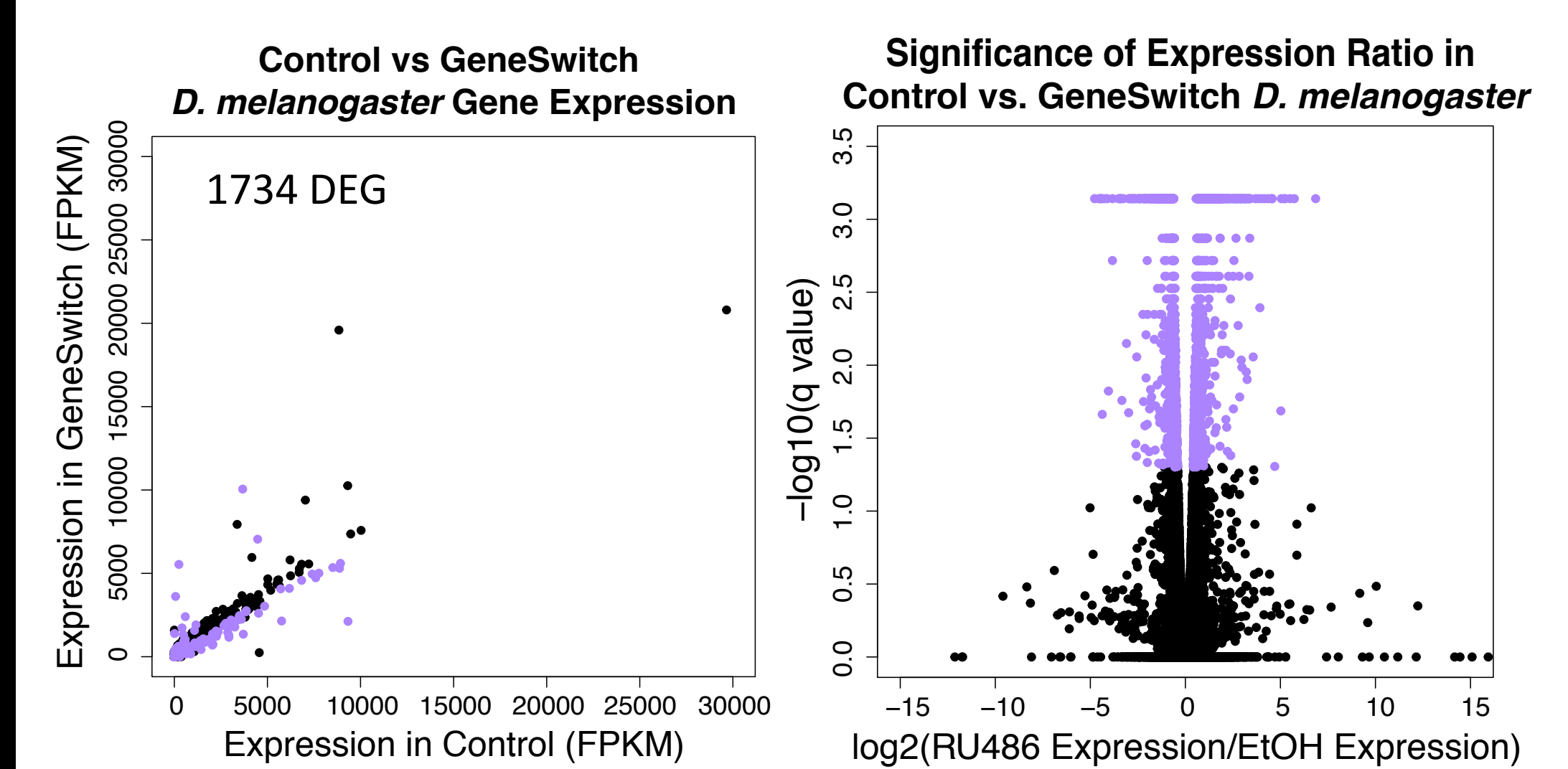
Blue points are significant ($q < 0.05$)

GeneSwitch with vs. without RU486



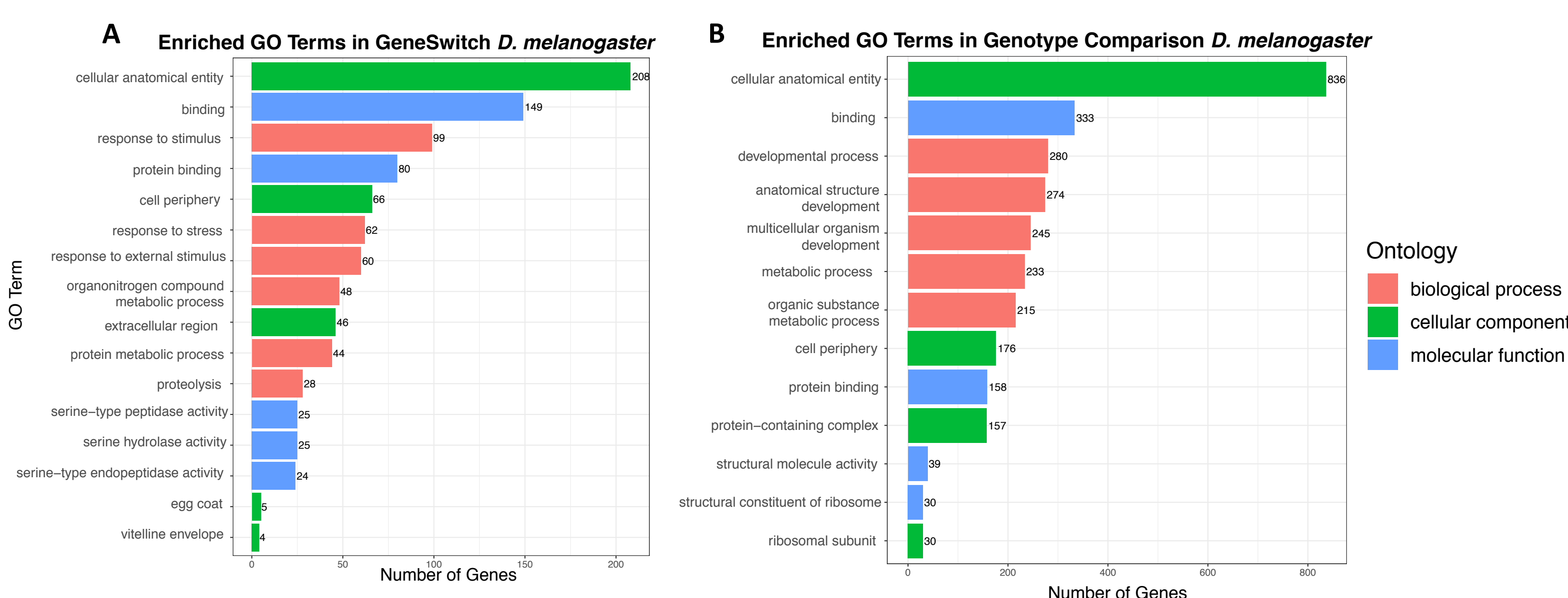
Red points are significant ($q < 0.05$)

Control vs. GeneSwitch



Purple points are significant ($q < 0.05$)

Gene Ontology Term Enrichment



Conclusions

- There are significant differences in gene expression between control (w1118) and GeneSwitch flies
- RU486 induces changes in expression in genes other than the gene of interest
- There may be cryptic GAL4 binding sites in the *Drosophila* genome
- Gene Ontology annotation reveals that the GeneSwitch GAL4 system affects expression of genes pertaining to binding and metabolism but does not affect most other functional groups
- When using the GeneSwitch GAL4 system, control experiments should be carefully designed

References

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